

**Task 9. Match the two columns. [UNIVERSITIES LOCATION]**

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|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. California Institute of Technology | A. Cambridge    |
| 2. Columbia University                | B. New Haven    |
| 3. Cornell University                 | C. New York     |
| 4. Dartmouth College                  | D. Durham       |
| 5. Duke University                    | E. Philadelphia |
| 6. Harvard University                 | F. Baltimore    |
| 7. Johns Hopkins University           | G. Hanover      |
| 8. Northwestern University            | H. Pasadena     |
| 9. University of Pennsylvania         | I. Evanston     |
| 10. Yale University                   | J. Ithaca       |

**Task 10. Match the rivers which flow through these cities or towns. [BRITISH RIVERS]**

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|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. Durham      | A. river Wear       |
| 2. Ely         | B. river Exe        |
| 3. Exeter      | C. river Great Ouse |
| 4. Hereford    | D. river Wye        |
| 5. Liverpool   | E. river Mersey     |
| 6. Manchester  | F. river Trent      |
| 7. Nottingham  | G. river Ribble     |
| 8. Preston     | H. river Itchen     |
| 9. Southampton | I. river Tame       |
| 10. Worcester  | J. river Severn     |

**Task 11. Complete the sentences by changing the form of the word in capitals.**

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|---|-----------|
| 1. Quebec is Canada's second most _____ province, after Ontario. Most inhabitants live in urban areas near the Saint Lawrence River between Montreal and Quebec City, the capital.                              | POPULATE  |
| 2. Approximately half of Quebec _____ live in the Greater Montreal Area, including the Island of Montreal.  | RESIDE    |
| 3. English-speaking communities and English-language institutions are concentrated in the west of the island of Montreal but are also significantly present in the Outaouais, Eastern _____, and Gaspé regions. | TOWN      |
| 4. The Nord-du-Québec region, occupying the northern half of the province, is sparsely populated and inhabited primarily by _____ peoples.  | ABORIGINE |

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|--|--------|
| 5. Even in central Quebec at comparatively _____ latitudes winters are severe in inland areas.   | SOUTH  |
| 6. Quebec _____ debates have played a large role in the politics of the province.  | DEPEND |
| 7. Parti Québécois governments held referendums on sovereignty in 1980 and 1995; both were voted down by _____, the latter defeated by a very narrow margin.   | VOTE   |
| 8. In 2006, the House of Commons of Canada passed a _____ motion recognizing the "Québécois as a nation within a united Canada".   | SYMBOL |
| 9. While the province's substantial natural resources have long been the mainstay of its economy, sectors of the knowledge economy such as aerospace, information and communication technologies, biotechnology, and the _____ industry also play leading roles. | PHARMA |
| 10. These many industries have all contributed to helping Quebec become a very economically influential province within Canada, second only to Ontario in economic _____.  | PUT    |

**Task 12. Find two extra words in each line .**

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|--|-------|
| 1. The author of this series has made it up his special object to confine himself very strictly, even in the most minute details which he does records, to historic truth.   | _____ |
| 2. The narratives are not tales founded upon history, but history in itself, without any embellishment or any deviations from the strict truth, so far as it can now be never discovered by an attentive examination of the annals written at the time when the events themselves occurred.                            | _____ |
| 3. In writing the narratives, the author has endeavored to avail for himself of the best sources of information which this country might affords; and though, of course, there must be in these volumes, as in all historical accounts, more or less of imperfection and error, there is no intentional embellishment. | _____ |
| 4. Nothing is stated, not even at the most minute and apparently imaginary details, without what was deemed at good historical authority.  | _____ |
| 5. The readers, therefore, may rely upon the record as the truth as, and nothing but the truth, so far as an honest purpose and as a careful examination have been effectual in ascertaining it.   | _____ |



